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# **Experience Usage Terbizila in Treatment Microspore Children and Adults**

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#### **ABSTRACT**

One of the most common dermatomycosis (trichomycosis) is microsporia. These are common extreme treatment accessory diseases that affect the skin and its appendages (hair, rarely appendages), the skin and fur of animals. The disease is caused by various appendages of the genus Microsporum. Children's contingent of patients is considered: from infancy to 16 clothes, but the last daily microsporia relations are often present, adults on the ground and elderly children become ill together. Uzbekistan was marked with a high level of microsporia: in the 29th year 41.3 cases per 100 people 000 inhabitants, in 2020 - 48.1; 2021 - 43.0 words / 100 min. Among the causative agents of microsporia recently For 4 years there is only one standing microsporum - Microsporum lanosum, i.e. Fluff microsporum is the causative agent of zooanthropon microsporia. He became a cosmopolitan, as other authors write, it is parasitizing throughout the Eurasian continent (NP Malishevskaya., SN Nesterov, 2006).

**Introduction:** Our microsporia regulatory frequency analysis The population of Minsk shows the lowest in different months from January 2019 to December 2023. event microsporia Everything these are years registered with march- An annual increase in the incidence of microsporia was observed in July and August-September, and then gradually decreased in the period from October to February. Such dynamics of the disease is primarily related to the seasonality of microsporia epizootics. Among cats, children and adults are the main reservoir and source of microsporia infection. The seasonality of migration also plays an important role population associated with the holiday period; after the children return in August-September Inspection of parents' villages and organizations when entering schools and kindergartens for teenagers who spent the summer season and in suburban recreation areas.

Modern treatment of microsporia involves the use of systemic antimycotics: griseofulvin, means terbinafine or itraconazole. Griseoful has not been taken in the last 5 years terbinafine drugs have become antimycotic drugs Itraconazole preparations can also be used for the treatment of microsporia and trichophytosis in children as young as 14, and at an older age. Terbinafine (Lamisil, Terbizil) is the best systemic antimycotic, its main target is squalene epoxidase. only additional.

Aim: was a clinical comparative aid of Terbizil generic and Lamisil brand in the treatment of

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mycotic mycotics treated with targeted skin microsporia, scalp and scalp and its use.

**Materials and methods:** There were 06 patients aged 2 years with microsporia under our control. 49 years, Dan they are 60 (56.6 %)— male jeans And 46 (43.4 %)- a woman gender IN age 12 children from 4 years old, 27 patients from 5 years old, 52 patients from 8 years old, 14 from 15 years old, 4 children from 15 to 18 years old, 1 patient from 18 years old.

**Results and discussion:** In 40 patients microsporia of the skin of the trunk and extremities was detected, in 38 patients only the scalp was affected by M. lanosum. A microsporia foci problem on one's own skin and scalp, Fractures of the trunk and arms were recorded in 28 patients. Infiltrative-purulent form of microsporia It was found in 3 patients. The number of lesions on smooth skin is from 2 to 21, with 33.6% The number of patients is from 2 to 5 and within 45.4% - from 6 to 15. In the light of a wooden lamp, the yellow-green glow of the lesions, especially on the scalp, was noted before the condition in all individuals. before all men clinic diagnosis was the author laboratory (microscopic - at 100 %, Culture protector M. lanozum was Retrieved from 101 Dan 106 (95.3 %) requested.

The first group of patients with microsporia received Terbizil (76 people), Lamisil (30 people). Both drugs of Terbinaf are prescribed in protocols for the diagnosis and treatment of patients with skin and subcutaneous tissue diseases. If the patient has a large scalp lesion and the drugs of terbinafine, professor NN, need 1.5 times the daily dose for this technique. medicine was passed people, at which V a the first 5 weeks about for fungi, the hair root has a stable development at the microscopic level.

Out of 40 patients with skin microsporia, 8 were treated with lamisil, 32 with terbizil. The third consecutive analysis was obtained at  $24.6 \pm 2.9$  and  $25.0 \pm 2.1$  days (P > 0.1), i.e. clinical and mycological treatment of foci of microsporia on the skin when released as a brand name (Lamisil) occurred in an average of 3.5 weeks. Happy Sunday. This is consistent with the data of other authors.

In patients with scalp microsporia with Lamisil (12 patients) the first and chronic consecutive disease tests were  $22.7 \pm 4.0$  and  $34.8 \pm 4.0$  respectively, while treatment with Terbizil (26 patients) was  $25.4\pm$ . 3.3 and  $38.2 \pm 2.8$  days. the differences of the difference in the two groups' indicators are not significant (P > 0.1).

**Results and discussion:** Treatment with lamisil in combined lesions of smooth skin and scalp (10 patients) shows that the first disease results after  $22.6\pm3.4$  days, after  $35.9\pm4.7$  days. In the group of patients treated with Terbizil, these indicators were  $26.9\pm4.8$  and  $38.5\pm6.9$  days of appropriate treatment. For both indicators, the differences were not statistically significant (P > 0.1).

The analysis of clinical materials shows that in a number of serious periods transfer to higher doses of terbizil, antimycotic 1.5avar was carried out with a long delay (up to 2-4), which may affect the higher doses of the week.

Children and adults with microsporia tolerate Terbizil or Lamisil well, 4 out of 106 observed patients had mild side effects that did not require adjustment of the drug. During treatment, the complete blood count and tests remained within normal limits.

Conclusion: Thus, terbinafine drugs - Lamisil and Terbizil - effective systemic antimycotics in children and adults with microsporia, with good treatment. Terbizil is a generic of Lamisil, and the price of the drug often plays a decisive role in clinical and mycological diseases with different types of computer. From a pharmacological point of view, treatment with Terbizil is more preferable for the patient. Therapeutic methods of long-term treatment of microsporia in children with drugs terbinafine, need V again big Maybe connecting physiotherapeutic methods

to obtain a high concentration of the antifungal drug in foci of mycotic infection.

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